EXHIBIT A

I, John W. Brewer, declare under penalty of perjury that I served the attached subpoena directed to Merle Lewis by sending it, together with a check for the witness fee, on May 1, 2007 by overnight courier to Michael Taylor, an attorney who advised me that Mr. Lewis had authorized him to accept service of the subpoena on Mr. Lewis' behalf. New York, New York

May 3, 2007

John W. Brewer

John Com

A088 Subpoena in a Civil Case (12/06)

Issued by the United States District Court DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA

	SUBPOENA IN A CIVIL CASE
Magten Asset Management Corporation & Law Debenture Trust Company of New York, Plaintiffs V.	Civil Action No. 04-1494-JJF
v.	Pending In the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware
NorthWestern Corporation,	
Defendant	
Magten Asset Management Corporation	
Plaintiff	
V.	Civil Action No. 05-499-JJF Pending in the U.S. District Court for the District of
Mike J. Hanson and Ernie J. Kindt,	Delaware
Defendants	·
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402 YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear in the United below to testify in the above proceedings. ACE	d States District Court at the place, date, and time specified
	DATE AND TIME
	, date, and time specified below to testify at the taking of a
neans.	will be recorded by stenographic and/or sound-and-visual
ACE Paradigm Reporting	DATE AND TIME
527 Marquette Avenue Minneapolis, MN 55402	Tuesday, May 15, 2007, 9:30 a.m
Phone: 612.339.0545	
☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce and permit at the place, date, and time specified below (list docu	inspection and copying of the following documents or objects uments or objects): See attached Schedule A.
ACE	DATE AND TIME

PLACE

DATE AND TIME

Any subpoenaed organization not a party to this adversary proceeding shall designate one or more officers, directors, or managing agents, or other persons who consent to testify on its behalf, and may set forth, for each person designated, the matters on which the person will testify, Fed.R.Civ.P. 30(b)(6).

ISSUING OFFICER SIGNATURE AND TITLE
Attorney for Plaintiff Magten Asset Management Corp.

ISSUING OFFICER'S NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NUMBER
John W. Brewer
Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP

Filed 05/04/2007

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Document 216-2

Case 1:05-cv-00499-JJF

One New York Plaza New York, NY 10004 (212) 859-8000

B255 (11/97) Subpoena in a Civil Case

PROOF OF SERVICE		
SERVED	DATE	PLACE
SERVED ON (PRINT NAME)		MANNER OF SERVICE
SERVED BY (PRINT NAME)		TITLE
DECLARATION OF SERVER		
I declare under penalty and perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing information contained in the Proof of Service is true and correct.		
Executed on	DATE	SIGNATURE OF SERVER
Rule 45 Federal Rules of Civil	Procedure Subdivisions (c) (d) and	ADDRESS OF SERVER

Code by Rule 9016, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure:

COGE BY RUIC 9010, FEGERAL RUICS OF BRINKTUPICY PTOC

(c) PROTECTION OF PERSONS SUBJECT TO SUBPOENAS.

(i) A party or an attorney responsible for the issuance and service of a subpoena shall take reasonable steps to svoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to that subpoens. The court on behalf of which the subpoens was issued shall enforce that daty and impose upon the party or attorney in breach of this dary an appropriate sanction, which may include, but is not limited to, lost earnings and a reasonable attorney's for.

(2)(A) A person commanded to produce and permit inspection, conving testing.

reasonable attorney's fee.

(2) (A) A person commanded to produce and permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of destignated electronically stored information, books, papers, documents or tanglike things, or inspection of premises need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless commanded to appear for deposition, hearing or trial.

(B) Subject to paragraph (d)(2) of this rule, a person commanded to produce and permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling may, wishin 14 days after service of the subpocas or before the time specified for compliance if such time is less than 14 days after service, serve upon the party or attorney designated materials or inspection of the premises—or to producing any or all of the designated materials or inspection of the premises—or to producing selectronically stored information in the form or forms requested. If objection is made, the party serving the subpocan shall not be cartiled to inspect, copy, test, or sample the materials or inspect the premises except pursuant to an order of the court by which the subpocan was issued. If objection has been made, the party serving the subpocan smay, upon notice to the permos commanded to produce, move at my time

court by which the supposes was smoot, it operates has seen made, the party serving the subposes may, upon notice to the person commanded to produce, move at any time for an order to compel the production, inspection, copying, testing, or sampling. Such an order to compel shall protect any person who is not a party or an officer of a party from significant expense resulting from the inspection, copying, testing, or sampling

(3) (A) On timely motion, the court by which a subpoems was issued shall quash or modify the subpoems if it

(i) fails to allow reasonable time for compliance;

(i) fails to allow reasonable time for compliance;
(ii) requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party to travel to a place more than 100 miles from the place where that person resides, is employed or regularly transacts business in person, except that, subject to the provisions of clause (c/3/B)C/III of this rule, such a person may in order to attend trial be commanded to travel from any such place within the state in which the trial is held; (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter and no exception or waiver applies; or
(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
(B) If a universe.

(B) If a subpoess

(f) requires disclosure of a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information, or

(ii) requires disclosure of an usertained expert's opinion or information not describing specific events or occurrences in dispute and resulting from the expert's study made not at the request of any party, or

(iii) requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to stated trial, the court may, to protect a person subject to or affected by the subpoema, quash or modify the subpoema or, if the party in whose behalf the subpoema is issued shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardakin and assures that the person to whom the subpoema is addressed will be reasonably compensated, the court may order appearance or production only unon specified conditions. only upon specified conditions.

(d) DUTIES IN RESPONDING TO SUBPOENA

(ii) (A) A person responding to a subpoens to produce documents shall produce them as they are kept in the usual course of business or shall organize and label them to correspond with the categories in the demand.

the demand.

(B) If a subpoens does not specify the form or forms for producing electronically stored information, a person responding to a subpoens must produce the information in a form or forms in which the person ordinarily maintains it or in a form or forms that are reasonably usable.

(C) A person responding to a subpoens need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

information in more than one term.

(D) A person responding to a subposes need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or to quash, the person from whom discovery is sought must show that the information sought is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

the discovery.

(2) (A) When information subject to a subpoena is withheld on a claim that it is privileged or

(2) (A) When information subject to a subpoema is withheld on a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation materials, the claim shall be made expressly and shall be supported by a description of the nature of the documents, communications, or things not produced that is sufficient to enable the domanding party to contest the claim.

(B) If information is produced in response to a subpoema that is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly that received the information of the claim is resolved. A receiving party may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. If the receiving party disclosed the information before being notified, it must take reasonable steps to retrieve it. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(c) CONTEMPT. Failure of any person without adequate excuse to obey a subpoema served upon that person may be deemed a contempt of the court from which the subpoems issued. An adequate cause for failure to obey exists when a subpoema purports to require a nonparty to attend or produce at a place not within the limits provided by clause (ii) of subparagraph (c)(3)(A).